P. A. C. K. L. A. METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION PLAN

Metropolitan Transportation Plan (MTP)

- 1. Envision the future of transportation in the Merrimack Valley.
- 2. Create a plan to meet the needs of the Region through the UPWP and the TIP.



Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP)

- 1. Conduct studies and collect data.
- 2. Work with communities to develop projects.
- 3. Supports the creation of TIP and MTP.

Public Participation Plan



Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)

- 1. Develop investment plan for the regional transportation network.
- 2. Program projects identified in the MTP.



METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION PLAN

- 25-year plan for federally funded transportation projects programmed for implementation.
- Financially Constrained
- Planning horizon: 2024-2050
- Projects must be in the MTP or address the goals or performance measures to be funded through the Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).

What is in the Plan?



- 1.Introduction
- 2. Vision, Goals, and Objectives
- 3. Public Engagement
- 4. Coordination with State, Regional, and Local Plans
- **5. Federal Performance Meausures**
- 6. Merrimack Valley Today and Tomorrow
- **7. Transportation Network Performance**
- *8.Implementation
 - 9. GHG Emissions Impact
 - 10. Conclusion



Vision & Goals



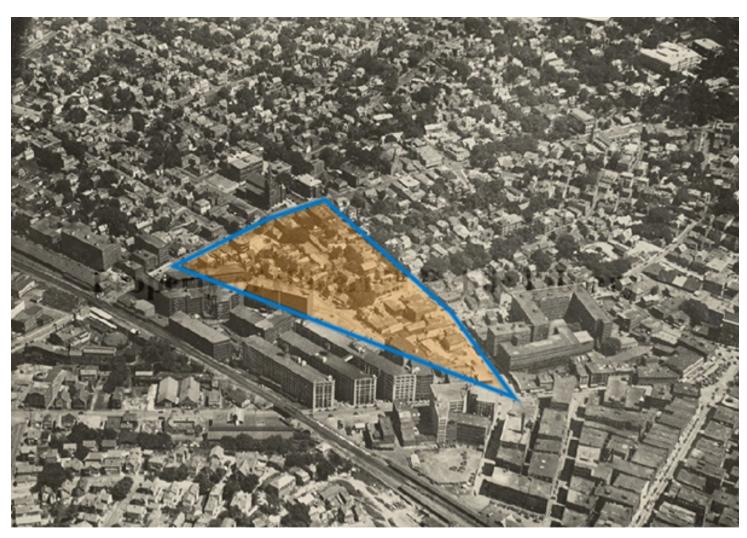




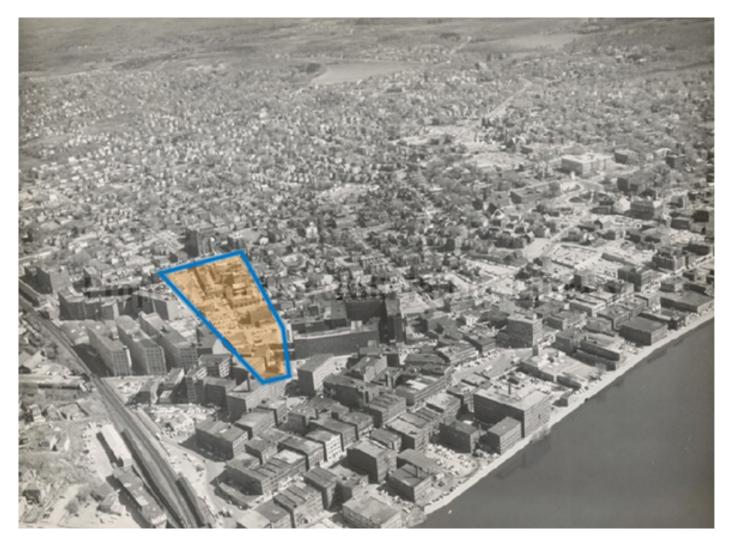


Merrimack Valley Today and Tomorrow

A Brief History of Transportation and Land Use



Downtown Haverhill 1935 (Source: Haverhill Public Library)



Downtown Haverhill 1962 (Source: Haverhill Public Library)



Views of Downtown Haverhill on Locke Street Early 1900s (Source: Haverhill Public Library).

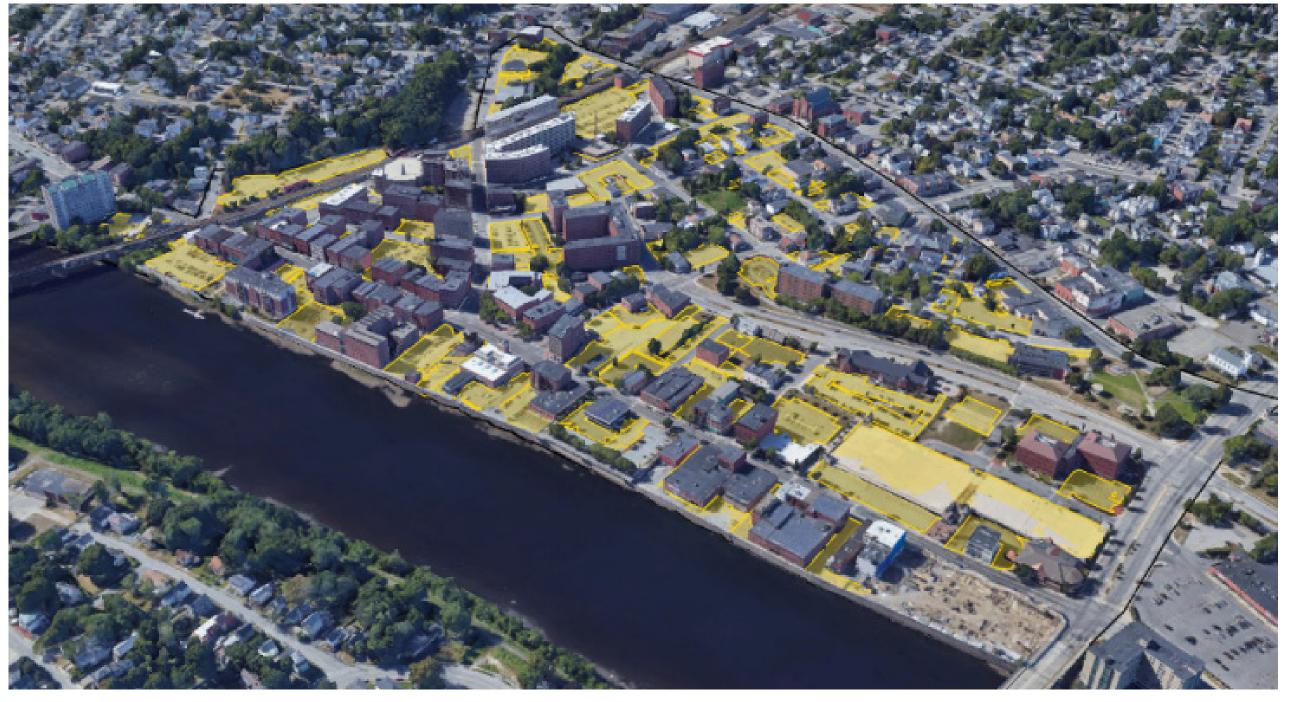




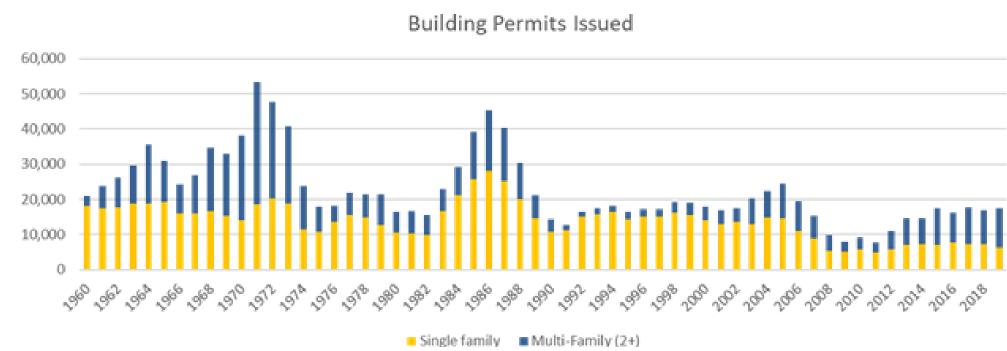
A View Down Locke Street Towards Downtown Haverhill, 2019 (Source: Google Maps)



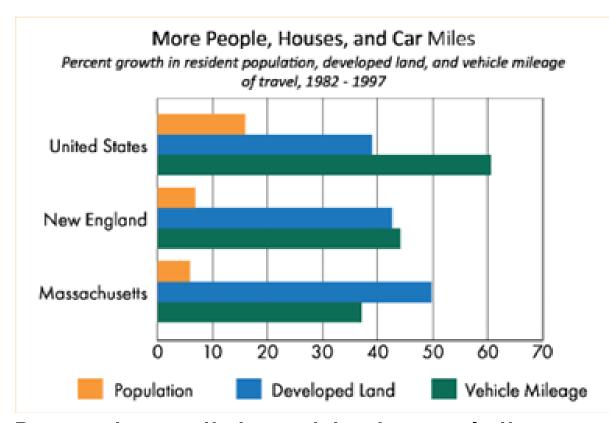




Location of Surface Parking Lots in Downtown Haverhill (Source, MassINC).



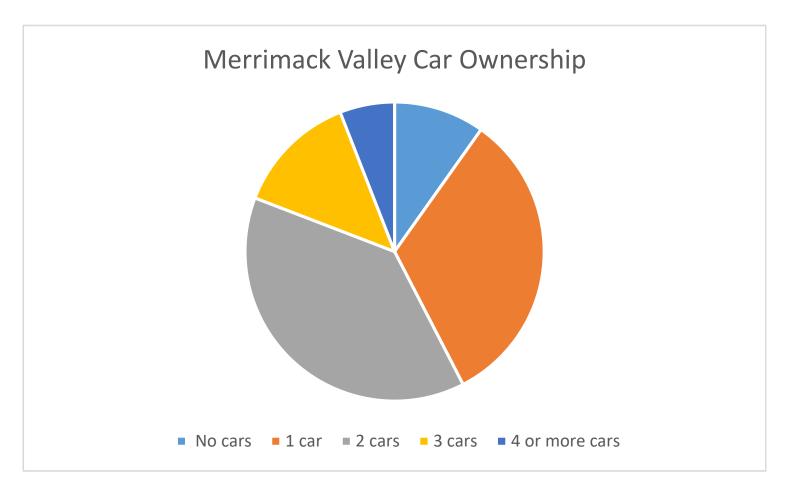
Building Permits Issued in Massachusetts 1960-2018 (DHCD)



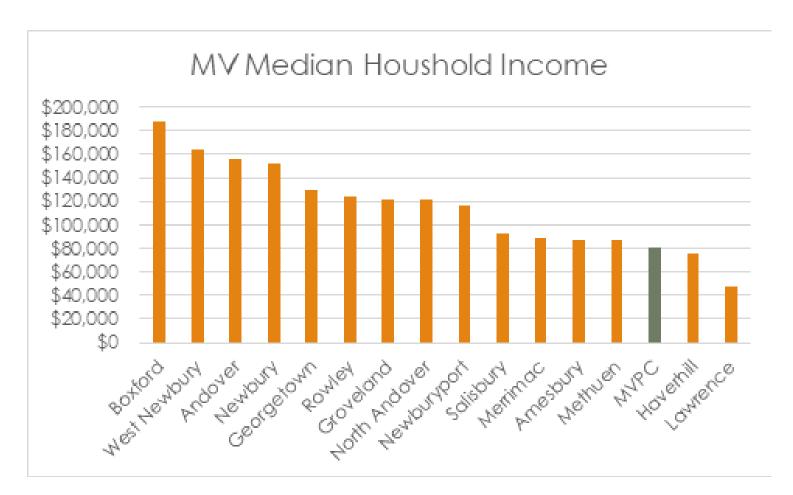
Percent growth in resident population, developed land, and vehicle mileage of travel, 1982-1997. (source: U.S. Census Bureau, USDOA, and USDOT)



Transportation Today



According to AAA, the average cost of car ownership was \$10,728 a year, or \$894 a month, in 2022.



Regional household income is \$81,134. Car ownership accounts for **13%** or more of the median household income.



In the leftmost image, one bus carries 44 people in a space about three car lengths. In the rightmost image, 44 cars carry one person each. (Source: Cycling Promotion Fund)



Casa Blanca Restaurant on Main Street in Andover and other restaurants have outdoor dining (Source: Eagle Tribune).



Environment

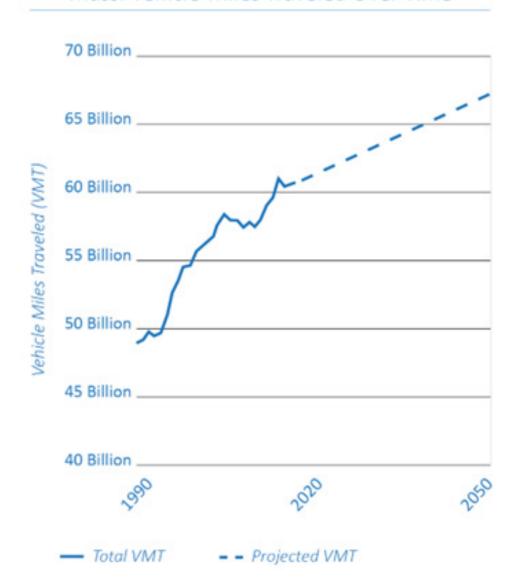
MA GHG Emissions for Major Sectors, 1990-2020

Source: MassDEP (2021). Massachusetts Annual Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory: 1990 through 2018 38 36

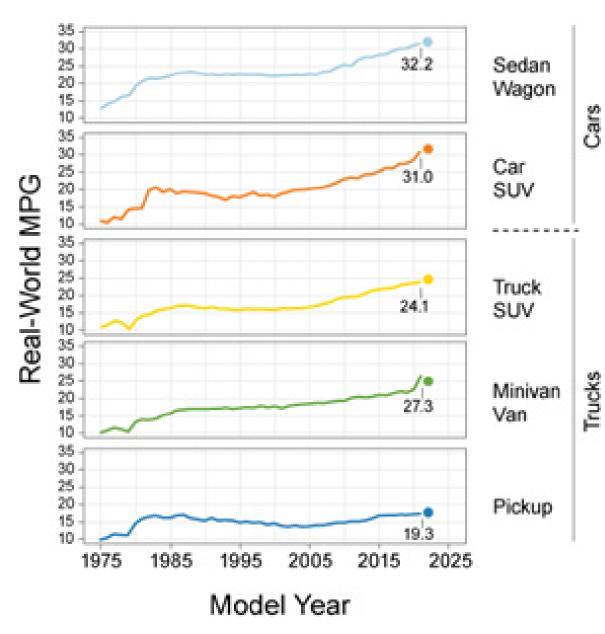


MA GHG Emissions for Major Sectors (Source: MassDEP)

Mass, Vehicle-Miles Traveled Over Time



Massachusetts Vehicle Miles Traveled 1990 to 2020 and 2050 forecast (Source: MassDEP).



Vehicle Production share and fuel economy, 1975 to 2025 (Source: U.S. EPA)



6. Do you own or lease an electric vehicle (car or bike)?

More Details



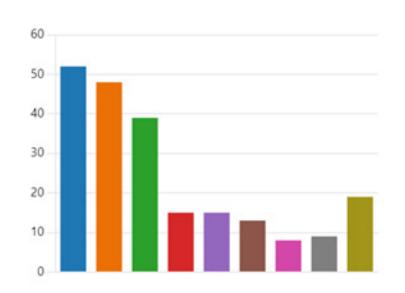
No, and I do not plan to in the n... 92



7. Are any of the following factors holding you back from purchasing or leasing an electric vehicle?

More Details





Reducing VMT by driving less and walking, biking, and taking trasit more can:



Reduce health risks



Improve the safety of roadways



Encourage compact land use



Preserve open space



Improve local economy



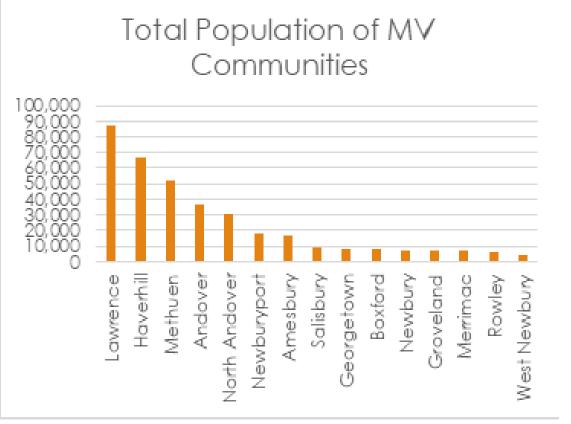
Support community building

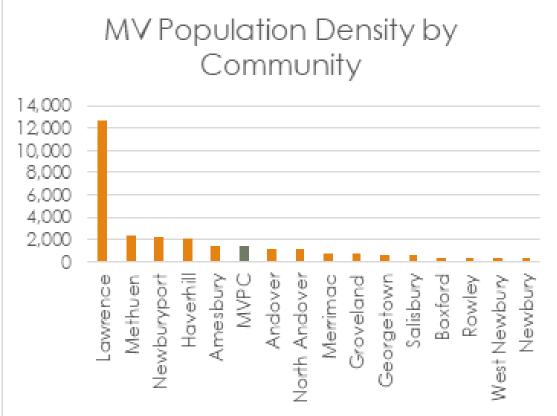


Allow independent mobility



Population

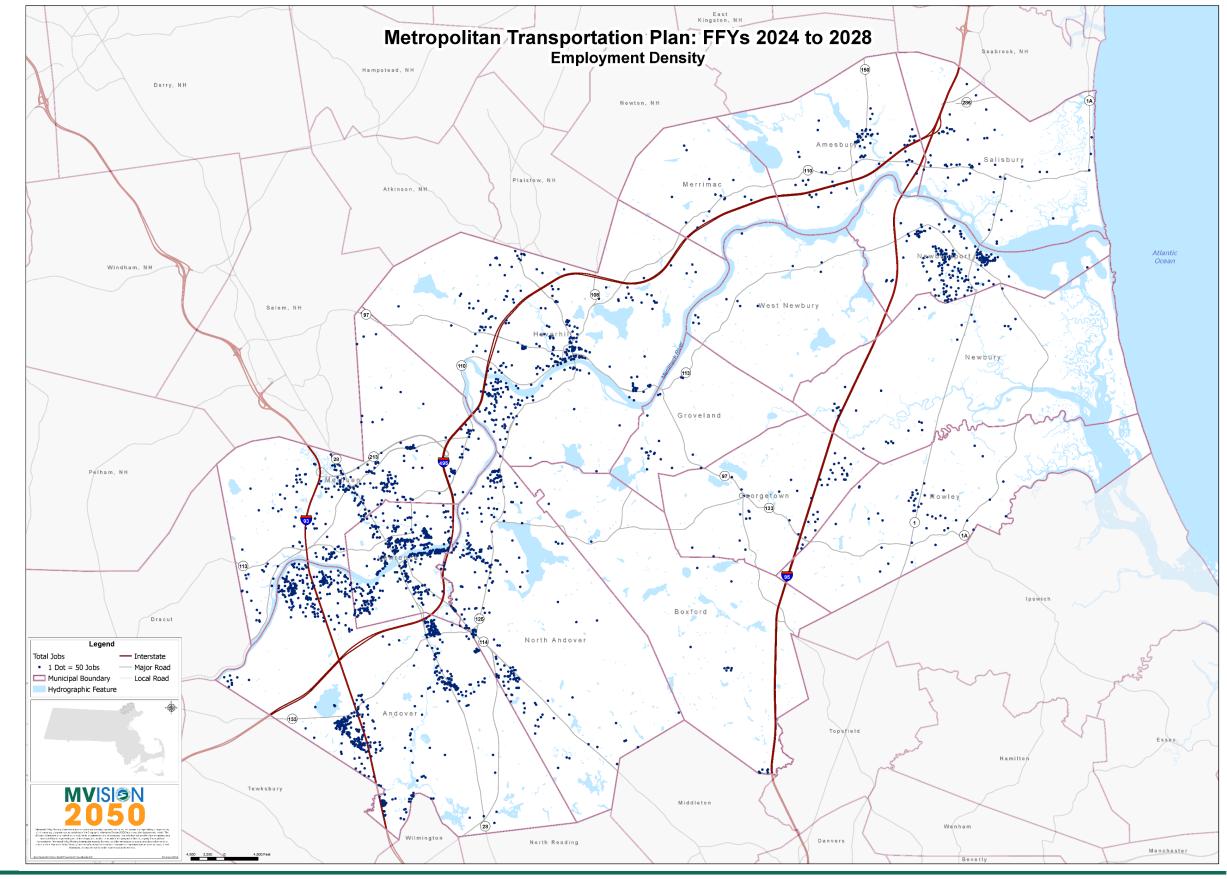




- The MVMPO Region has just over 366,000 residents
- 56.6% of residents live in the region's gateway cities of Lawrence, Haverhill and Methuen
- Newburyport and Amesbury are the largest cities in the eastern Merrimack Valley
- Lawrence is by far the most densely populated community- more than 5 times more densely populated than Methuen, Newburyport, and Haverhill

Employment

- The MVMPO region had
 144,164 jobs in 2021
- Andover had the most jobs- 35,391
- Lawrence and Newburyport rank ahead of Andover in terms of jobs per square mile





Population and Employment Projections

Population Projections and Share of Population by Region

	2020 Population (Decennial Census)	Regional Populati on Rank 2020	Percent of State Populatio n	2050 Projected Population	Regional Population Rank 2050	Percent of Projected State Population	Percent of Change of Share of State Population
Berkshire Region	129,026	10	1.84%	120,612	10	1.66%	-9.58%
Cape Cod	228,996	9	3.26%	176,123	9	2.42%	-25.61%
Central Massachusetts	604,631	4	8.60%	621,469	3	8.55%	-0.58%
Franklin	71,029	11	1.01%	52,999	11	0.73%	-27.83%
Boston Metropolitan Area	3,357,194	1	47.76%	3,678,402	1	50.61%	5.98%
Montachusett	250,531	8	3.56%	229,206	8	3.15%	-11.51%
Martha's Vineyard	20,600	12	0.29%	19,226	13	0.26%	-9.73%
Merrimack Valley	369,889	6	5.26%	403,707	5	5.55%	5.57%
Northern Middlesex	310,009	7	4.41%	316,493	7	4.35%	-1.25%
Nantucket	14,255	13	0.20%	19,434	12	0.27%	31.87%
Old Colony	393,249	5	5.59%	398,695	6	5.49%	-1.94%
Pioneer Valley	628,133	3	8.94%	580,865	4	7.99%	-10.55%
Southeastern Region	652,375	2	9.28%	650,730	2	8.95%	-3.52%



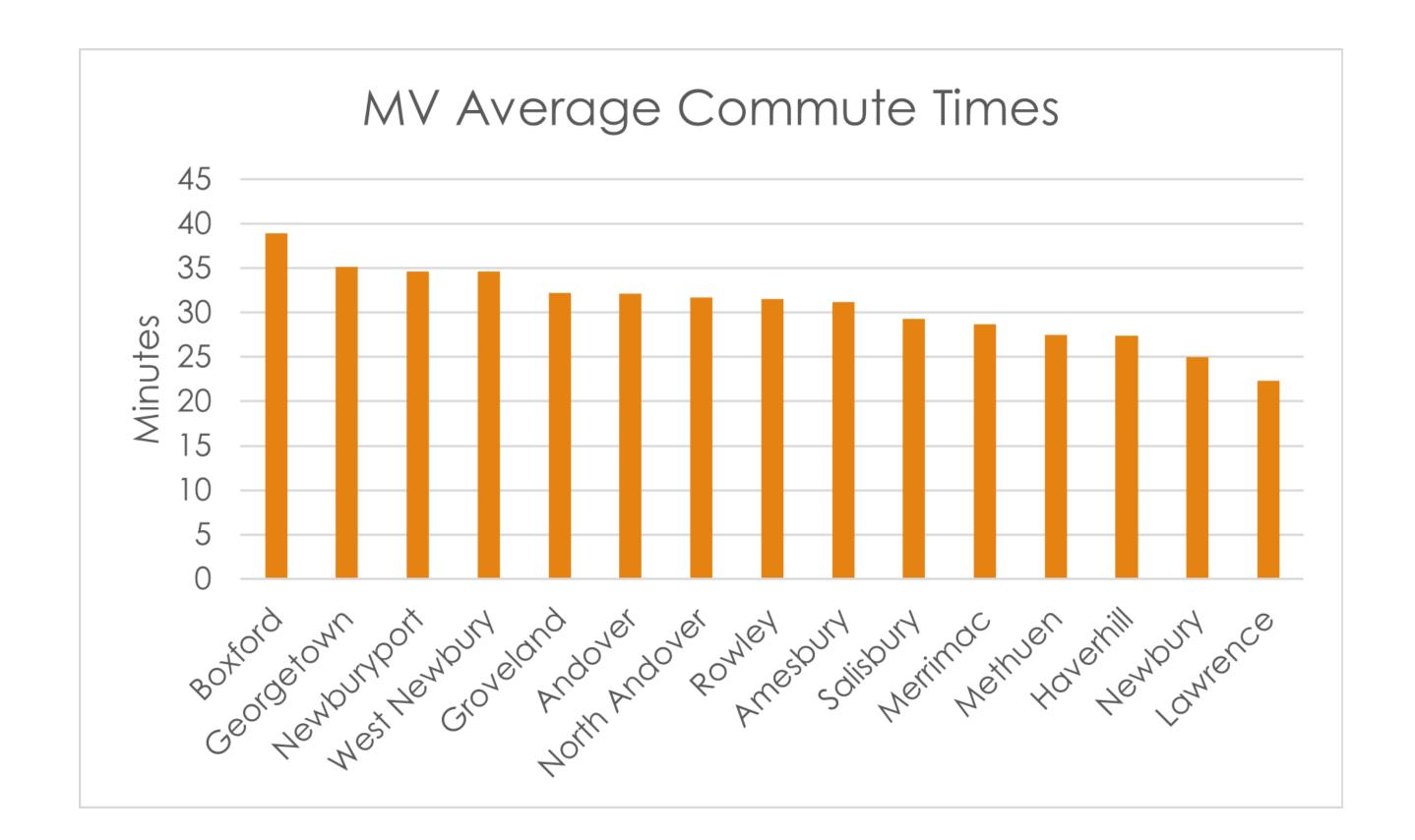
Projected Municipal Growth and Decline

Town	Census 2000	Census 201	Census 2020	2030 Projection	2040 Projection	2050 Projection	2000-2010 Growth/Decline	2010-2020 Growth/Decline	2020-2030 Projected Growth/Decline	2030-2040 Projected Growth/Decline	2040-2050 Projected Growth/Decline	2020- <u>2050</u> Projected Growth /Decline	Population Rank 2020	Population Rank 2050	Growth Rank 2020-2050
Amesbury	16,450	16,283	17,366	16,727	15,450	13,842	-1.03%	6.24%	-3.82%	-8.27%	-11.62%	-20.29%	7	7	13
Andover	31,247	33,201	36,569	38,830	41,448	42,743	5.89%	9.21%	5.82%	6.32%	3.03%	16.88%	4	4	3
Boxford	7,921	7,965	8,203	7,682	7,266	6,602	0.55%	2.90%	-6.78%	-5.73%	-10.06%	-19.52%	10	11	12
Georgetown	7,377	8,183	8,470	9,008	9,428	9,491	9.85%	3.39%	5.97%	4.45%	0.66%	12.05%	9	8	4
Groveland	6,038	6,459	6,752	7,031	7,142	6,818	6.52%	4.34%	3.97%	1.55%	-4.75%	0.98%	11	10	7
Haverhill	58,969	60,879	67,787	69,931	70,632	70,304	3.14%	10.19%	3.07%	0.99%	-0.47%	3.71%	2	2	6
Lawrence	72,043	76,377	89,143	96,484	103,093	109,125	5.67%	14.32%	7.61%	6.41%	5.53%	22.42%	1	1	2
Merrimac	6,138	6,338	6,723	6,872	6,801	6,182	3.16%	5.73%	2.17%	-1.04%	-10.01%	-8.05%	12	12	9
Methuen	43,789	47,255	53,059	58,869	64,037	69,168	7.33%	10.94%	9.87%	8.07%	7.42%	30.36%	3	3	1
Newbury	6,717	6,666	6,716	6,311	5,504	4,511	-0.77%	0.74%	-6.42%	-14.66%	-22.01%	-32.83%	13	14	14
Newburyport	17,189	17,416	18,289	17,628	16,791	15,375	1.30%	4.77%	-3.75%	-4.98%	-9.21%	-15.93%	6	6	11
North Andover	27,202	28,352	30,915	31,500	32,486	32,366	4.06%	8.29%	1.86%	3.04%	-0.37%	4.69%	5	5	5
Rowley	5,500	5,856	6,161	6,208	6,012	5,610	6.08%	4.95%	0.76%	-3.26%	-7.17%	-8.94%	14	13	10
Salisbury	7,827	8,283	9,236	9,504	9,228	8,642	5.51%	10.32%	2.82%	-2.99%	-6.78%	-6.43%	8	9	8
West Newbury	4,149	4,235	4,500	3,899	3,428	2,928	2.03%	5.89%	-15.41%	-13.74%	-17.08%	-34.93%	15	15	15
TOTAL	318,556	333,748	369,889	386,484	398,746	403,707	4.55%	9.77%	4.29%	3.08%	1.23%	9.14%			



Transportation Network Performance

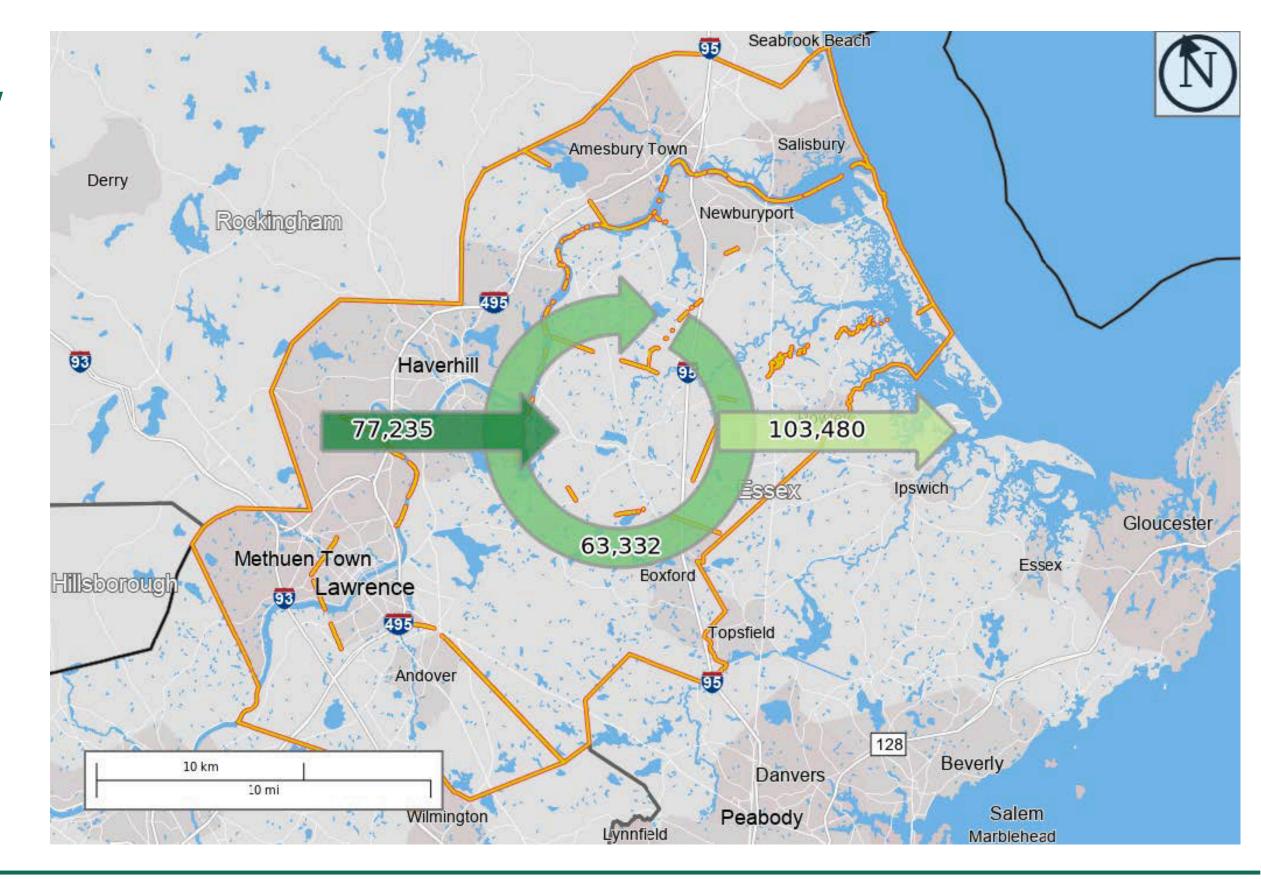




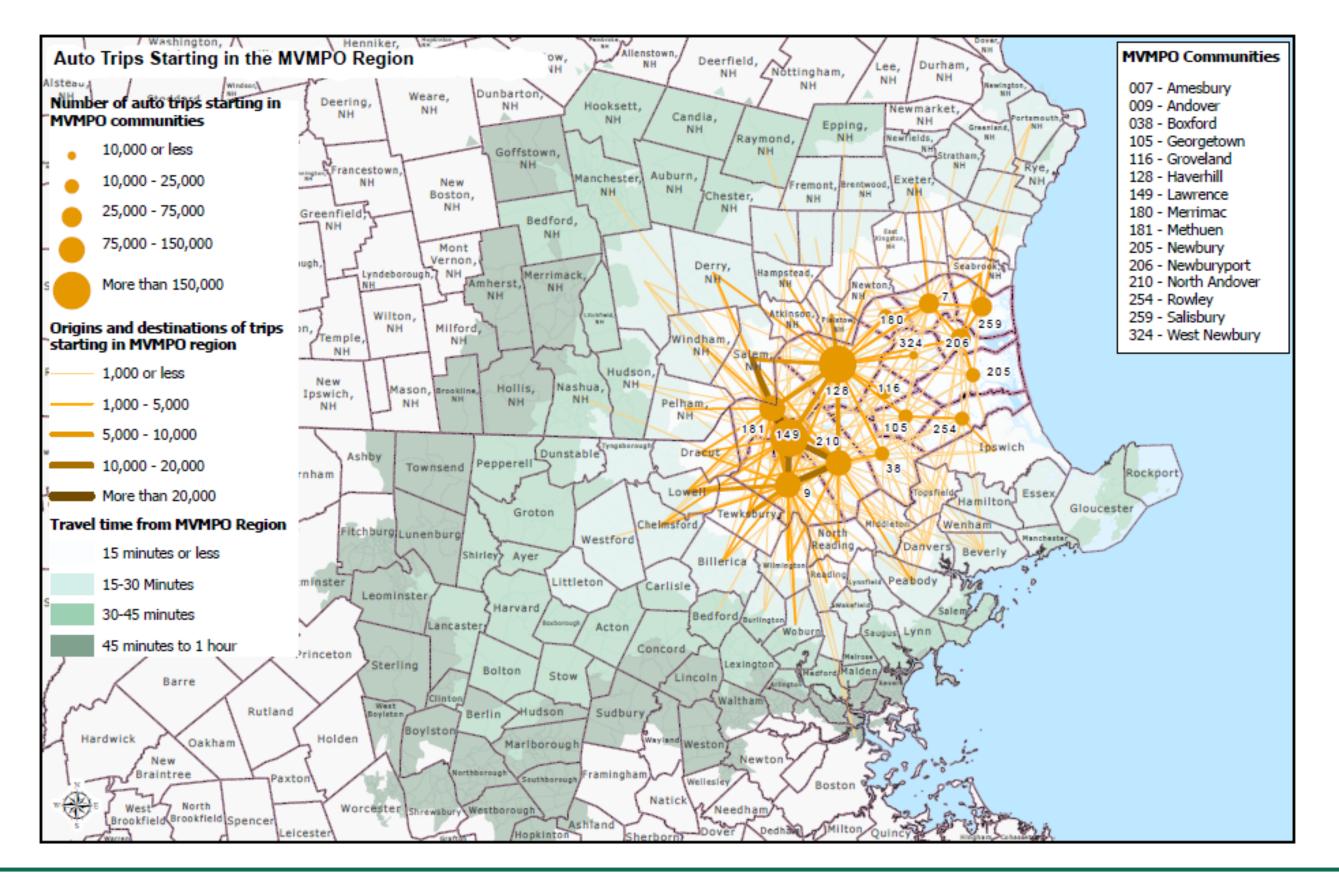


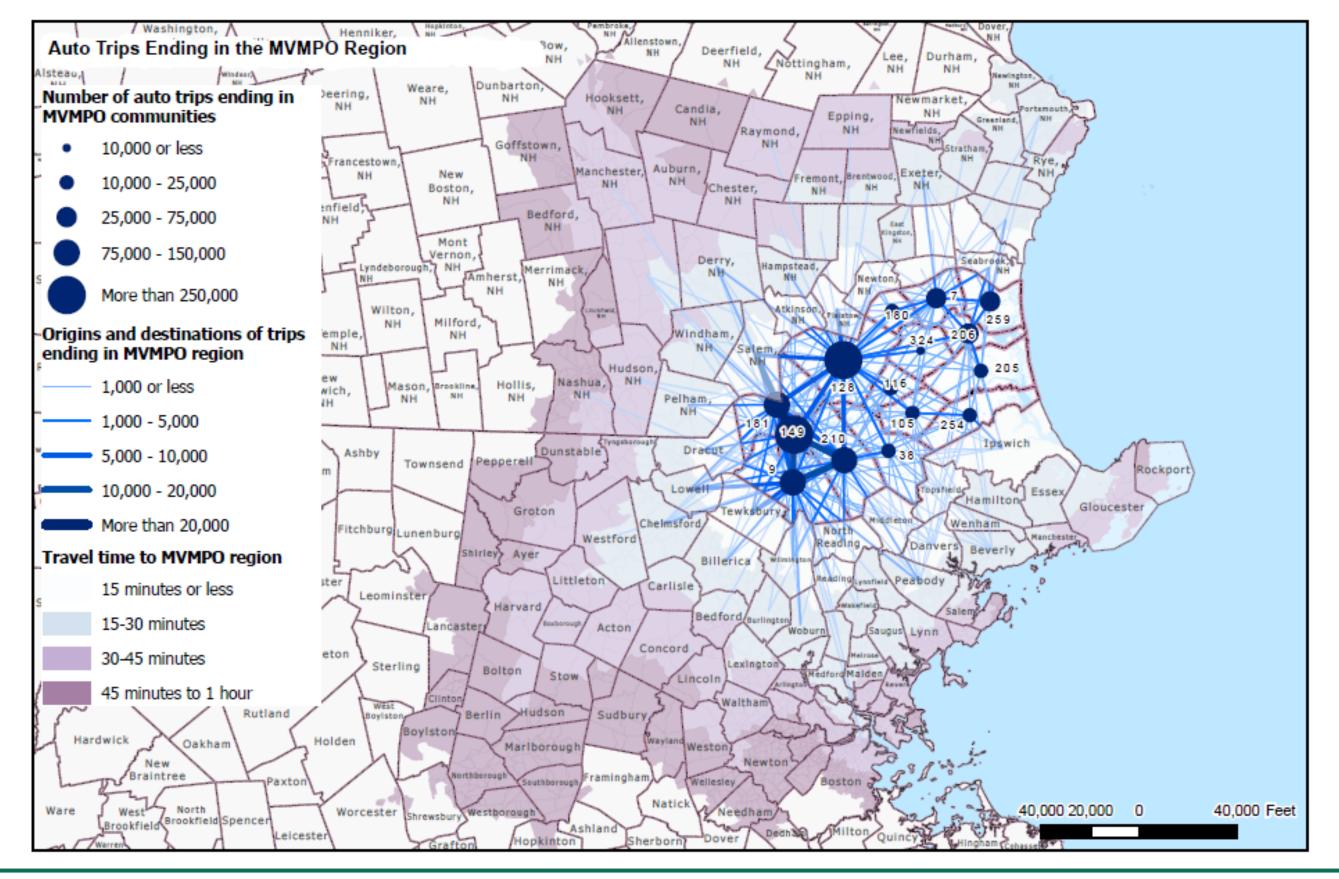
Inflow & Outflow of Workers 2020

- 62% of workers living in the Merrimack Valley are employed outside the region
- 55% of people employed in the Merrimack Valley live outside the region

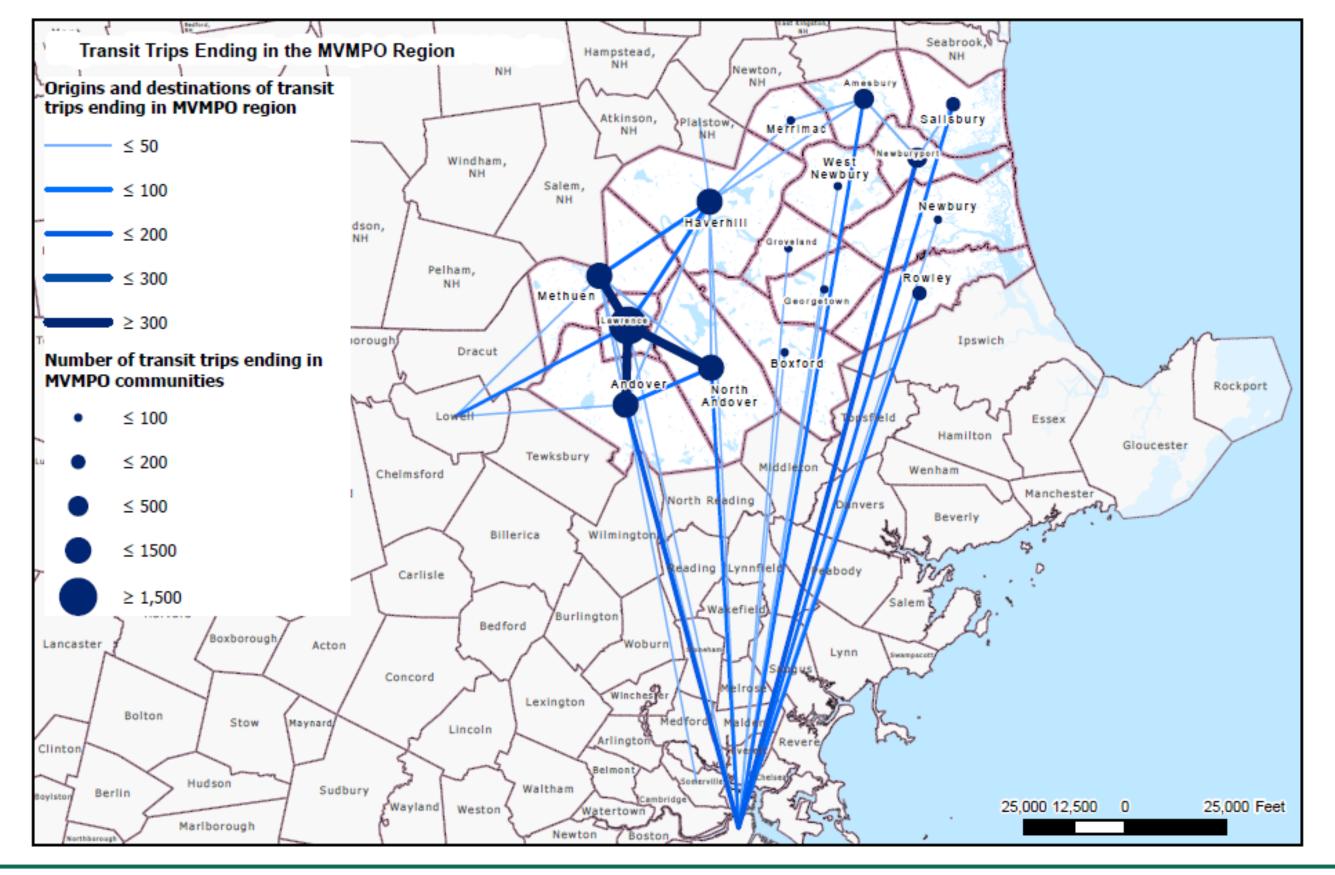




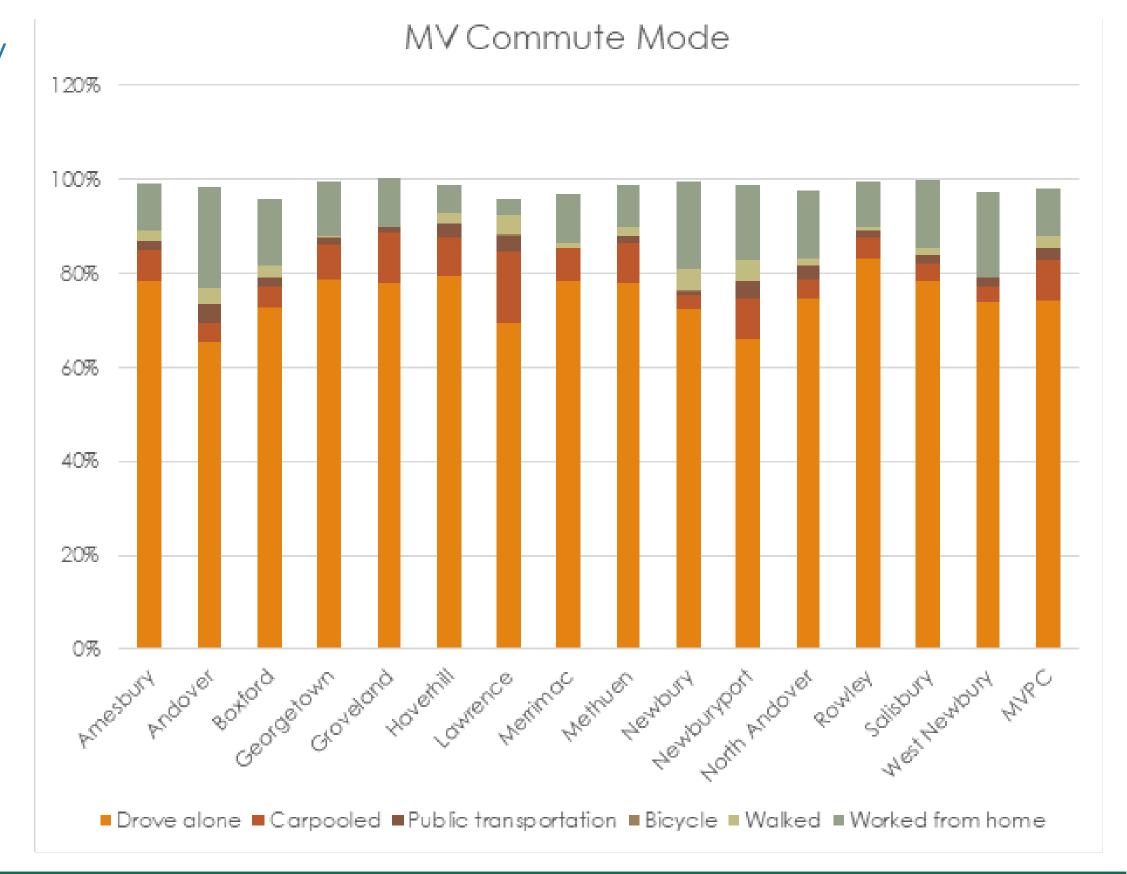






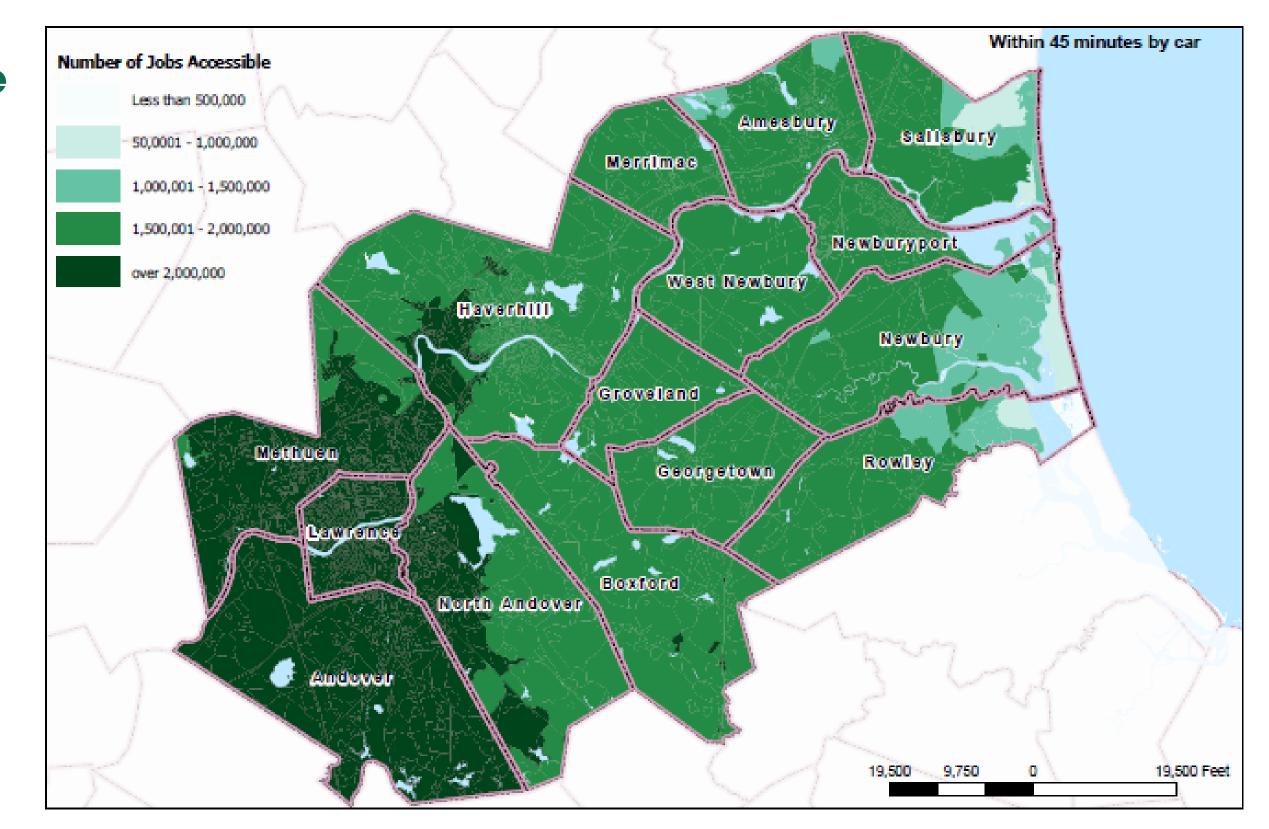


- 74% of commuting to work by MV residents is done by driving alone
- Andover (65.2%), Newburyport (66.1%), and Lawrence (69.4%) have the lowest rates of driving alone to work
- Andover has the highest rate of working from home (21.7%)
- Lawrence has the highest percentage of people who carpool (15.3%) and higher rates of walking, biking, and public transit trips to work
- Newburyport has the highest percentage of walking to work (4.6%)



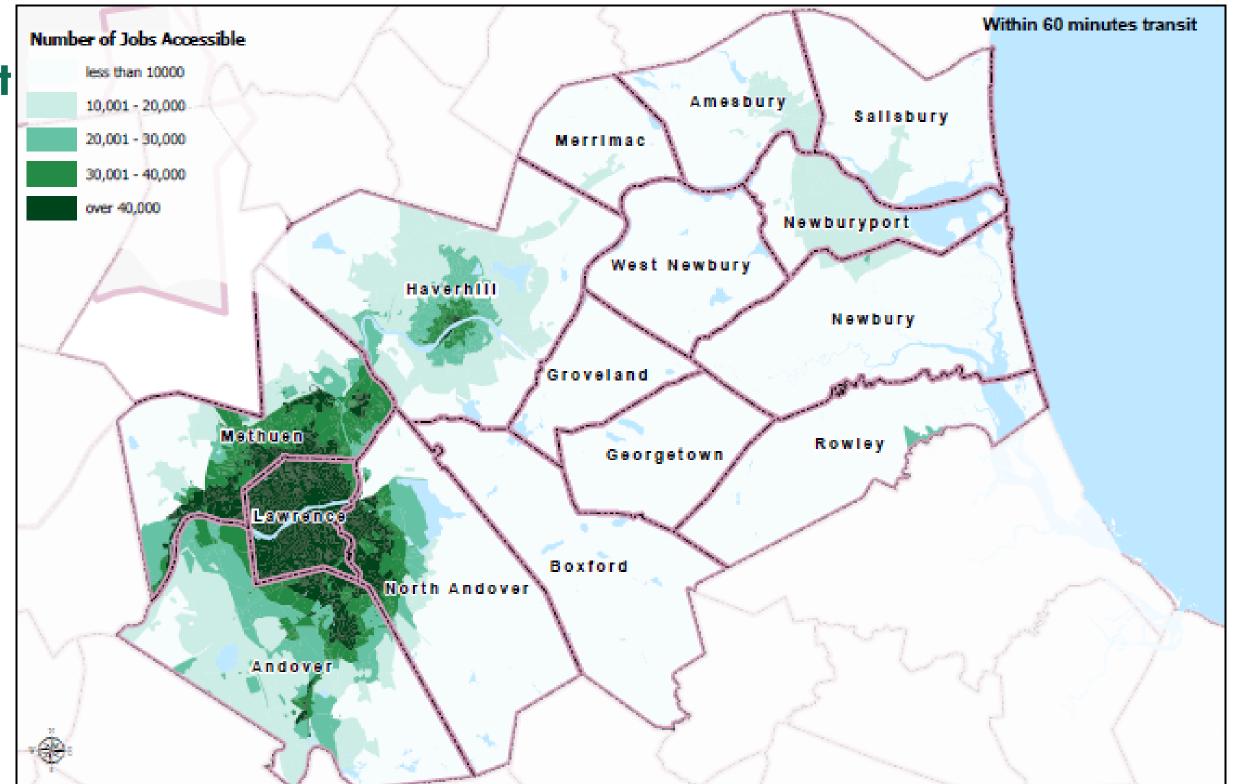


Jobs Accessible 45 min. by Car

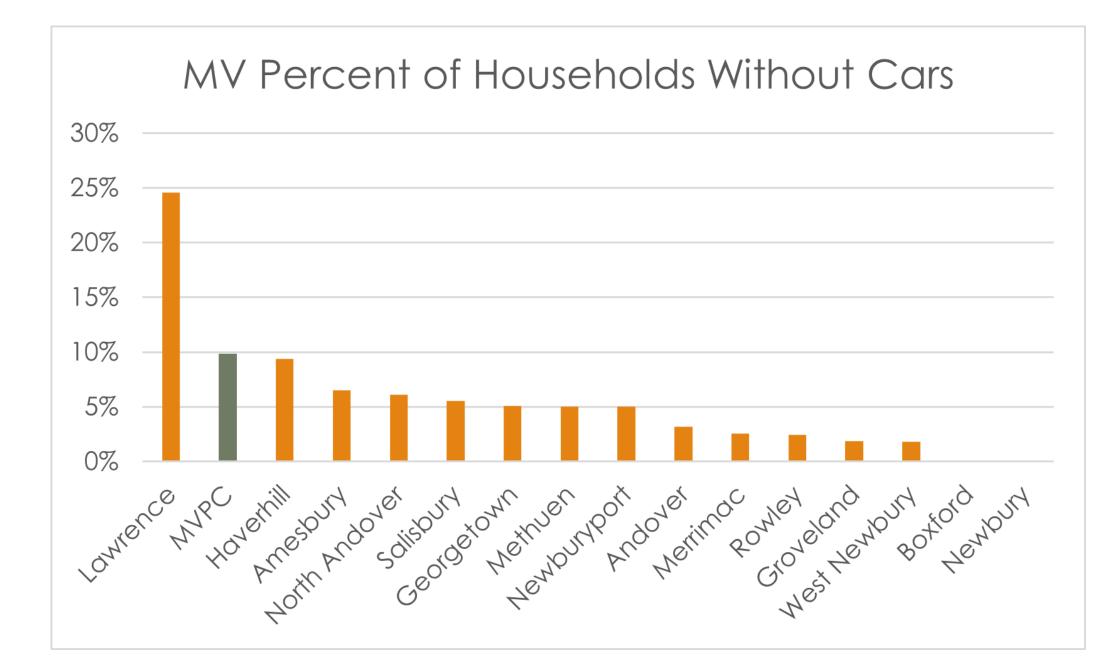




Jobs Accessible 60 min. by Transit

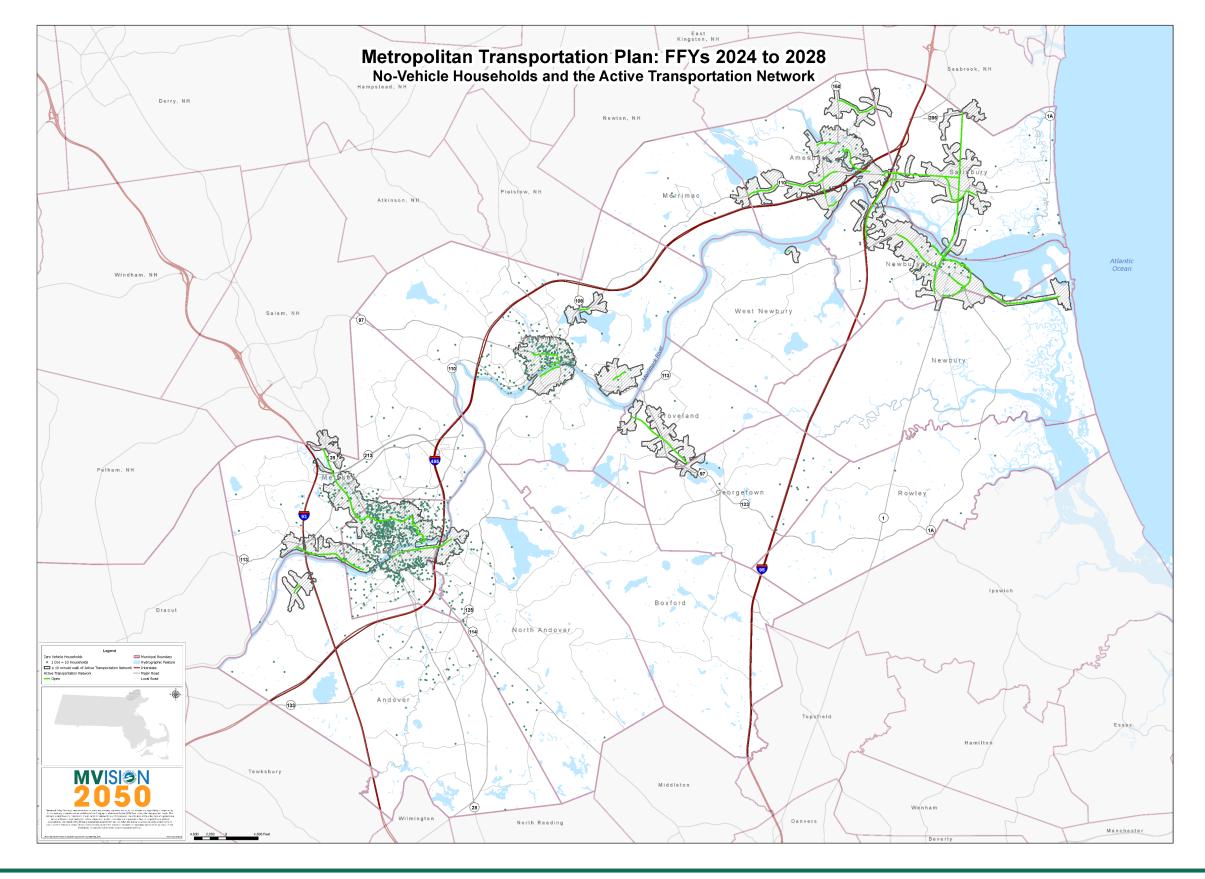






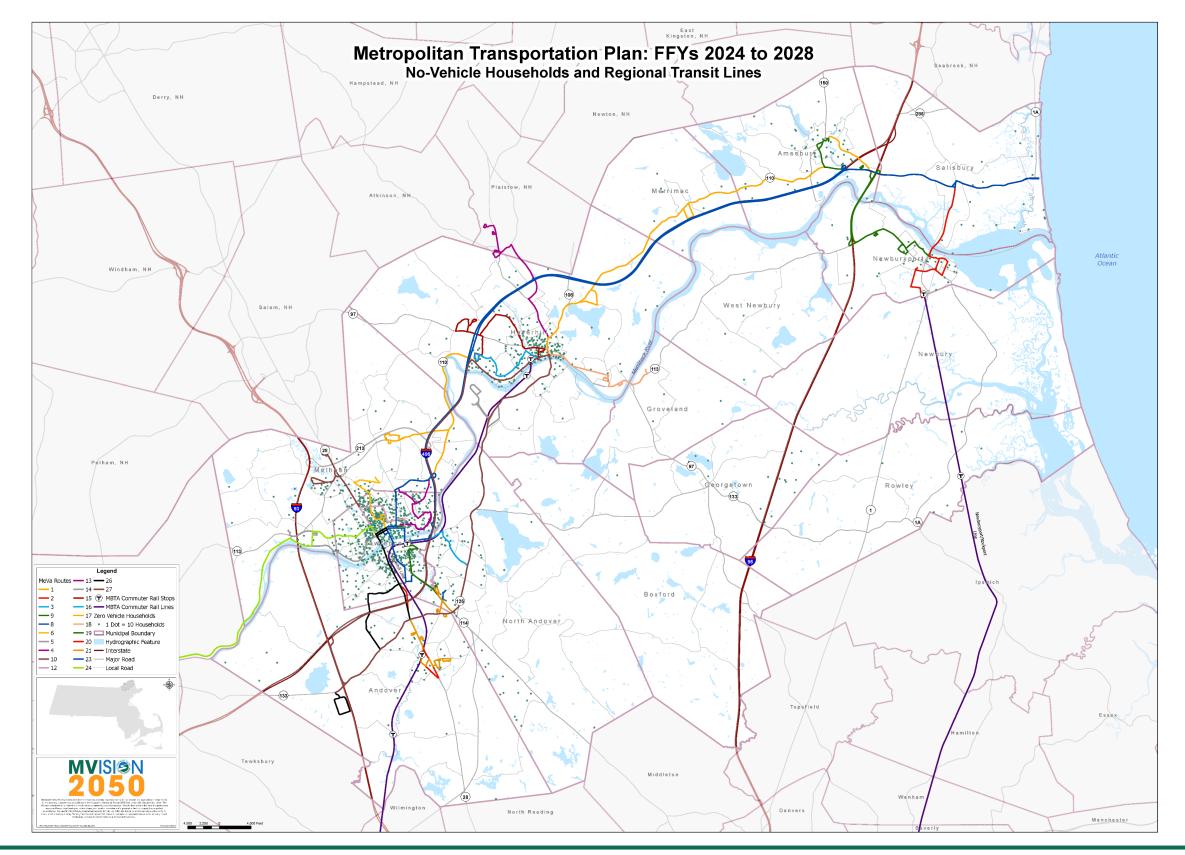
- 9.8% of MV households have no vehicles
- 24.6% of Lawrence households have no vehicles
- While Lawrence has a high percentage of households with no vehicles, 84.7% of commuting by Lawrence residents is done by car, truck, or van, either by driving alone or carpooling

 56% of households live within a 10-minute walk of a bike lane or shared-use path.



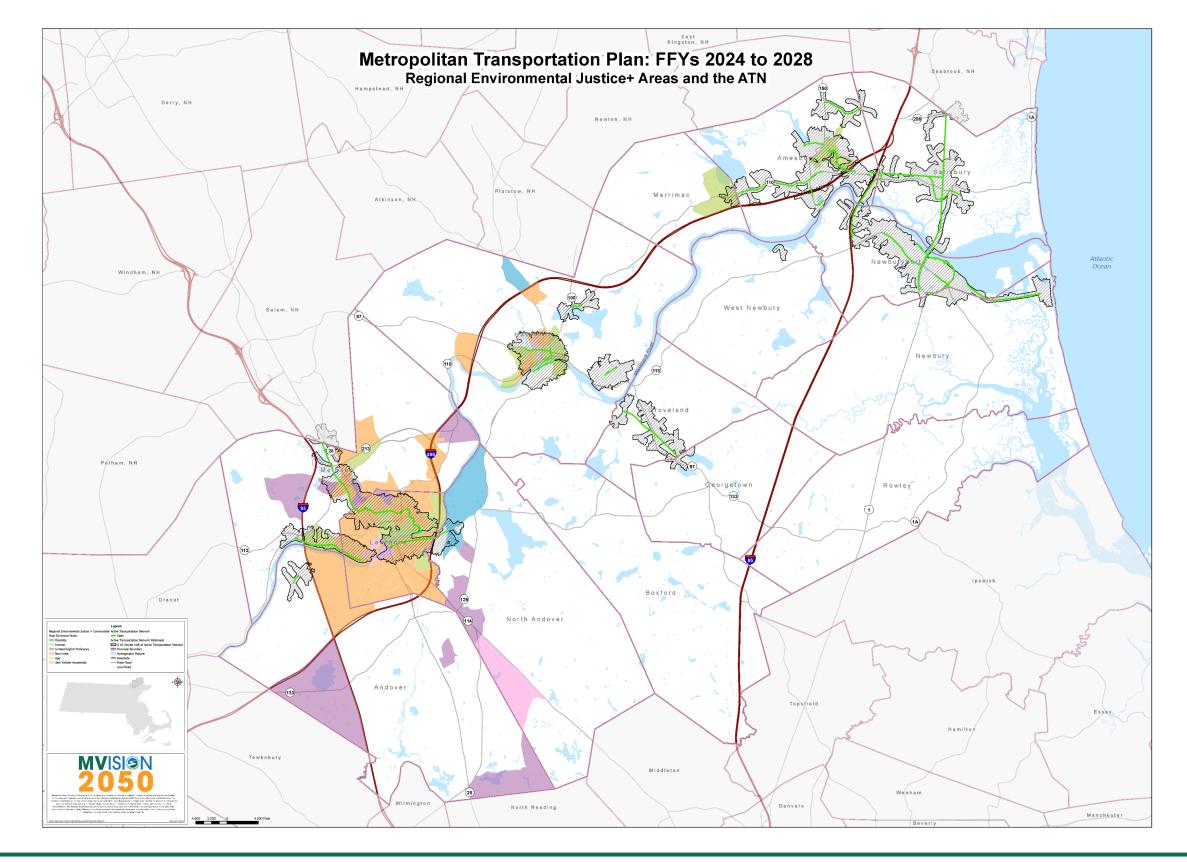


 83% of Households with no vehicles live within a 10-minute walk of a MeVa Bus Route or MBTA Commuter Rail stop.



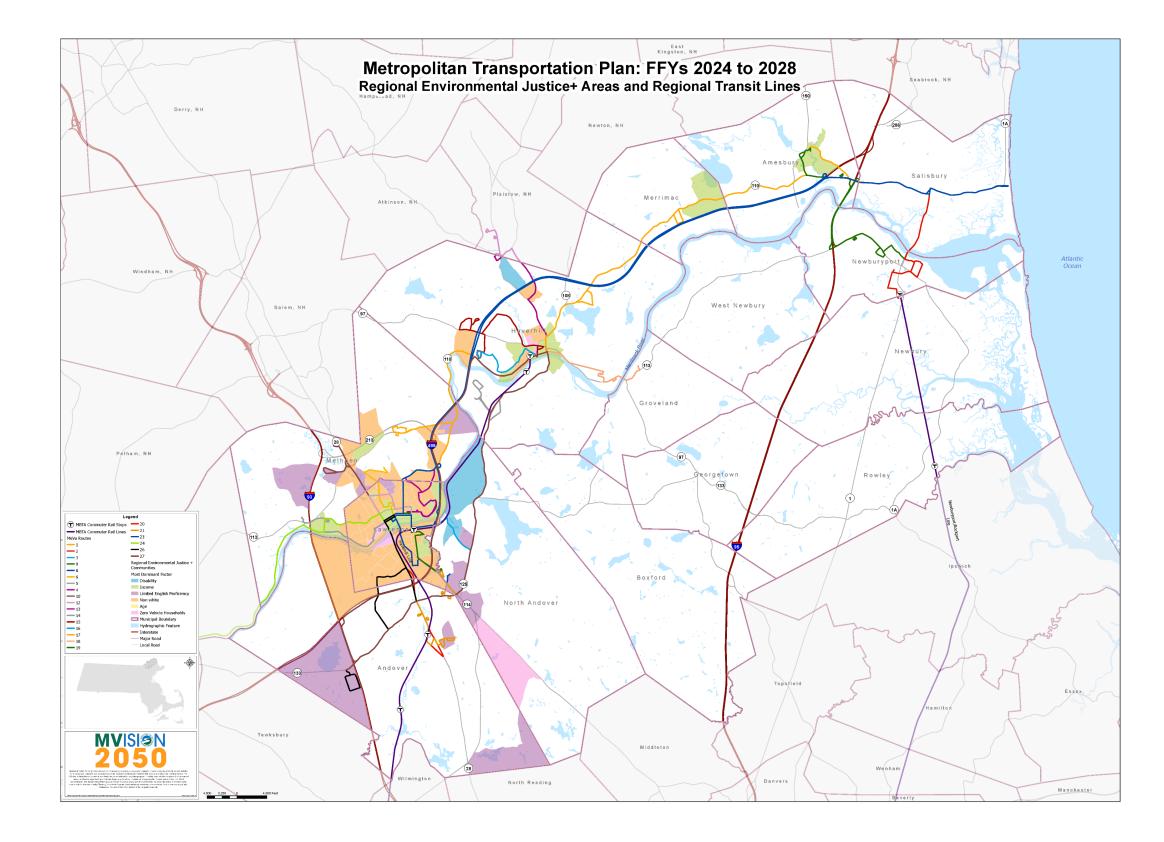


 48% of People Living in REJ+ Communities live within a 10-minute walk of a bike lane or shared-use path of significance.





 88% of residents in REJ+ communities live within a 10-minute walk of a MeVa Bus Route or MBTA Commuter Rail stop.



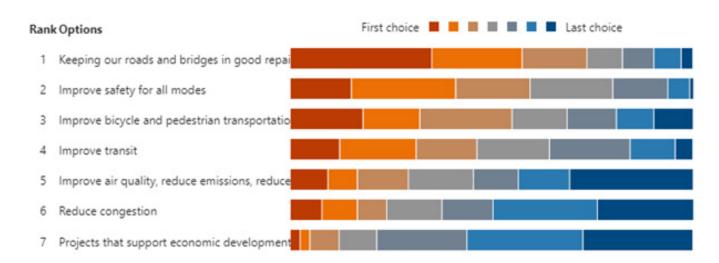


Implementation



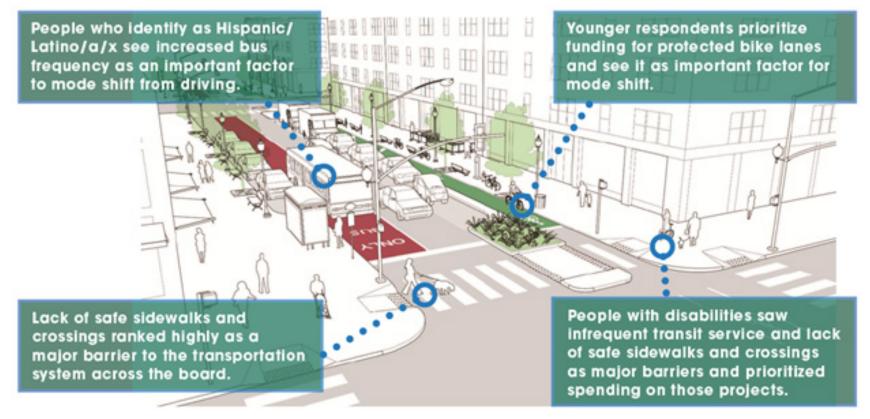
 How would you prioritize transportation spending? Please rank the following. Click and drag to order the goals from most important at the top to least important at the bottom.

205 Responses







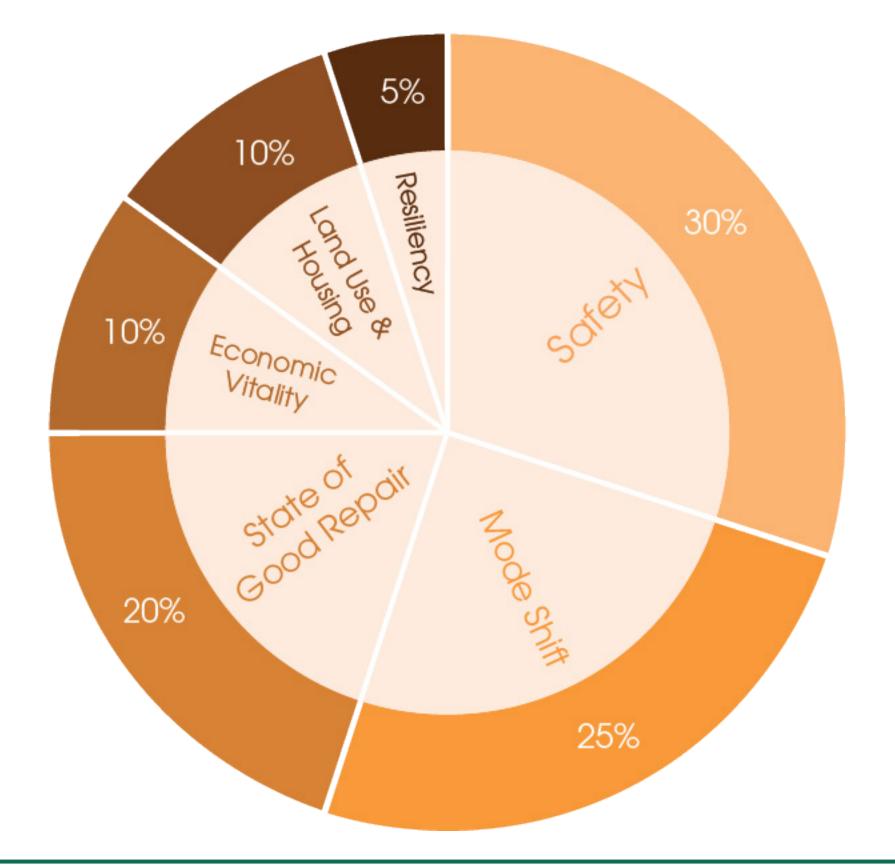




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Community	Project Name	MTP Years	Investment Goal	Adjusted TFPC	Project Status	
Haverhill	North Avenue Reconstruction	24-28	Good Repair		Design	
Lawrence	Marston Street and East Haverhill Street Intersection Reconstruction	24-28	Safety		Design	
Lawrence	Merrimack Street and South Broadway (Route 28) Intersection Reconstruction	24-28	Safety		Design	
Methuen	Riverside Drive and Burnham Road Intersection Improvements	24-28	Safety		Design	
Georgetown	West Main Street (ROUTE 97) Reconstruction from Moulton Street to Groveland TL	24-28	Good Repair		Design	
Andover	Lowell Street (Route 133) Reconstruction from Beacon Street to N. Main Street (Route		Modeshift		Design	
	Route 1 and Merrimac Street Intersection Improvements	24-28	Safety			
Newburyport Amesbury		24-28	Modeshift		Design	
	Riverwalk to Salisbury Ghost Trail Connector				Design	
Salisbury North Andover	Lafayette Road (Route 1) Reconstruction	24-28	Good Repair Modeshift		Design	
	Corridor Route 114 between Waverly Road and Willow/Mill Street	24-28			Design	
Boxford	Pye Brook Culvert Replacement	29-33	Resiliency		Design	
Methuen	Milk Street, Prospect Street, and East Street Intersection Reconstruction	29-33	Safety		Concept	
Lawrence	Andover and South Broadway Intersection Reconstruction	29-33	Safety		Concept	
Haverhill	Water Street Reconstruction	29-33	Modeshift		Design	
Amesbury	Route 150 Resurfacing and Pedestrian Accomodations	29-33	Good Repair		Concept	
Newburyport	Three Roads Intersection Reconstruction	29-33	Safety		Concept	
North Andover	Downtown Shared-Use Path	29-33	Economic		Design	
Salisbury	Northend Blvd to NH State Line Resurfacing and Pedestrian Accommodations	34-38	Good Repair		Design	
Lawrence	Manchester/Broadway/Daisy Street Intersection Reconstruction	34-38	Safety		Concept	
Lawrence	Water/Broadway/Canal Intersection Reconstruction	34-38	Safety		Concept	
Methuen	Merrimack Street Business Corridor Reconstruction	34-38	Economic		Concept	
Andover	Essex Street Corridor Reconstruction	34-38	Modeshift	\$ 4,755,065.69		
Groveland	Main Street Sidepath Connection	34-38	Modeshift		Concept	
Lawrence	Salem Street/Newton Street Intersection Improvements	34-38	Safety		Concept	
Newbury	Route 1 and Boston Road Intersection Reconstruction	34-38	Safety	\$ 3,202,064.44	Concept	
West Newbury	Main Street Reconstruction (Phase 1)	34-38	Economic	\$ 16,010,322.19	Concept	
Rowley	Main Street Reconstruction from Railroad to Mill River	34-38	Modeshift	\$ 24,961,076.99	Concept	
Amesbury	Beacon Street/Route 150 Reconstruction from Merrimack Street to I-495	39-43	Good Repair	\$23,936,700.32	Concept	
Methuen	Pelham Street Corridor Reconstruction	39-43	Good Repair	\$58,437,014.87	Concept	
Haverhill	Ward Hill access improvements	39-43	Economic	\$21,911,231.43	Concept	
Andover	Haverhill Street Corridor Reconstruction	44+	Modeshift	\$ 21,911,231.43	Concept	



CAPITAL AND STRATEGIC INVESTMENT GOALS



Questions and Comments

